## GCSE MATHS

## EXPERT GUIDANCE BY MAHIMA LAROYIA

## MEAN

- It is the average of the data
Add all the Values and divide it by the total number of values

MEDIAN

- It is the middle Value - Arrange the data in increasing order and find the middle value.
- If there are two values find the average.


## MODE

It is the most frequent Value
Find the value that repeat itself maximum times.

A data can have more than one mode

## RANGE

It is the difference between lowest and the highest value. Arrange the data in increasing order.
Subtract the highest and the lowest value.

## WORKED EXAMPLE

## The marks score by John in a test are :-

 20, 25,30, 35, 20, 20, 35,40,41. Find mean, median, mode and range$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Mean }=20+25+30+35+20+20+35+40+41 / 9 \\
=29.55
\end{gathered}
$$

Arrange data in increasing order=

$$
20,20,20,25,30,35,35,40,41
$$

Median=30. (middle value)
Range $=41-20=21$ (Highest value-lowest value)
Mode= 20 (Most Common)

