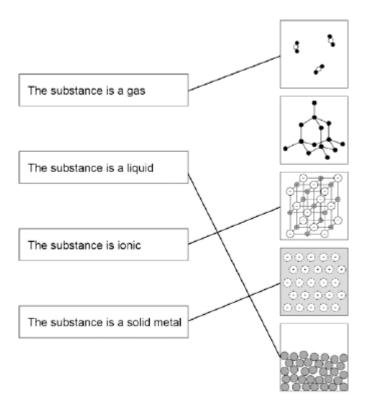
# M1.(a) Statement Structure



more than one line drawn from a variable negates the mark

- (b) Carbon
- (c) It has delocalised electrons
- (d) the atoms / particles / ions are different sizes do **not** accept molecules

1

1

1

# so there are no rows / layers to slide accept the layers are disrupted

1

(e)  $\frac{2}{27} \times 100$ 

1

7.4%

1

allow 7.4% with no working shown for **2** marks

(f) Mixture

1

[11]

1

Ι

Answers **must** be in the correct order.

1

(b) A gas was lost from the flask

1

## (c) Level 3 (5-6 marks):

A coherent method is described with relevant detail, and in correct sequence which demonstrates a broad understanding of the relevant scientific techniques and procedures. The steps in the method are logically ordered. The method would lead to the production of valid results.

## Level 2 (3–4 marks):

The bulk of the method is described with mostly relevant detail, which demonstrates a reasonable understanding of the relevant scientific techniques and procedures. The method may not be in a completely logical sequence and may be missing some detail.

#### Level 1 (1–2 marks):

Simple statements are made which demonstrate some understanding of some of the relevant scientific techniques and procedures. The response may lack a logical structure and would not lead to the production of valid results.

## 0 marks:

No relevant content.

### **Indicative content**

- sulfuric acid in beaker (or similar)
- add copper carbonate one spatula at a time
- until copper carbonate is in excess or until no more effervescence occurs \*
- filter using filter paper and funnel
- filter excess copper carbonate
- pour solution into evaporating basin / dish
- heat using Bunsen burner
- leave to crystallise / leave for water to evaporate / boil off water
- decant solution
- pat dry (using filter paper)
- wear safety spectacles / goggles

<sup>\*</sup>Students. may choose to use a named indicator until it turns a neutral colour, record the

	number of spatulas of copper carbonate added then repeat without the indicator.	6				
(d)	Total mass of reactants = 221.5					
	<u>159.5</u>					
	221.5  allow ecf from step 1	1				
	72.0 (%)	1				
	allow 72.0 with no working shown for <b>3</b> marks					
(e)	any <b>one</b> from:					
	<ul> <li>Important for sustainable development</li> <li>Economic reasons</li> <li>Waste products may be pollutants / greenhouse gases</li> </ul>	1	[13]			

**M3.**(a) 50

1

(b) 5%

1

## (c) any **two** from:

- cost (9 carat is cheaper)
- pure gold is soft

or

24 carat gold is soft

or

9 carat gold is harder allow 9 carat gold is stronger allow gold is an alloy in 9 carat gold

can change the colour

2

[4]

**M4.**(a) (i) C

(ii) B
(iii) A

1

1

1

1

1

(iv) D

(iii) covalent

1

[7]

<b>M5.</b> (a)	sodium loses	(elect	ron) sharing / covalent / metallic = max 2	
			sharing / covalenc / metanic - max 2	1
		chlo	rine gains (electron)	1
		1 or	an (electron)	1
	(b)	(i)	Have no overall electric charge	1
		(ii)	Should iodine be added to salt?	1
			reason any one from:  • cannot be done by experiment     accept difficult to get / not enough evidence  • based on opinion / view     allow must be done by survey  • ethical or economic issue.	1
	(c)	(i)	nitric (acid)	1
		(ii)	an alkali	1
		(iii)	indicator  accept any named acid base indicator	1
	(d)	(i)	Crystallisation	1
		(ii)	fertiliser  allow to help crops grow	1

# (iii) any **one** from:

- pressure allow concentration
- temperature ignore heat
- catalyst.

1 [12]